

Practical Sessions 1 and 2: First Simulations and Analysis



The SIXTE Team – Remeis Observatory

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Set up → Does everything work?

- Installed SIMPUT and SIXTE and XSPEC (→ HEASoft)?

0.1 Set environment variable

.bashrc

```
export SIMPUT=simputdir
export SIXTE=sixtedir
. $SIXTE/bin/sixte-install.sh
```

.cshrc

```
setenv SIMPUT=simputdir
setenv SIXTE=sixtedir
source $SIXTE/bin/sixte-install.sh
```

SciServer

```
source $HOME/workspace/Storage/sixte/sixte_volume/sixte_setup.sh
```

Set up → Does everything work?

0.2 Test SIMPUT, SIXTE and XSPEC

```
plist simputfile
```

```
plist runsixt
```

```
xspec
```

Part 1: Preparing Input → simputfile

1.1 Run `plist simputfile` (or look into manual: sect. 10.2.2)

1.2 Which parameters do you think we should change for ...

name of source	
source position	
source flux	
energy	
logarithmic energy grid & number of bins	
define xspec file	

Part 1: Preparing Input → simputfile

1.3 Write shell script to create a simputfile (→ manual sect. 10.2.2):

name of source	Src_Name= <i>name</i> .fits
source position	Ra=0.0, Dec=0.0
source flux	srcFlux=2.137e-11
energy	Elow=0.1, Eup=15, Emin=2, Emax=10
logarithmic energy grid & number of bins	logEgrid=yes, Nbins=1000
define xspec file	XSPECFile= <i>name</i> .xcm

Part 1: Preparing Input → xspec

- Source needs spectrum → create spectrum with xspec

1.4 If you use the SciServer → Create folder in:

$~/\text{HOME}/\text{workspace}/\text{Storage}/\text{username}/\text{persistent}/\text{name_of_folder}$

1.5 Go there!

1.6 Now start by typing xspec into terminal

```
model          phabs*pegpwrlw
nH>           0.2
PhoIndex>    2.05
eMin>         2
eMax>         10
norm>         21.6
```

→ See manual for name of xspec file and further advice (section 10.2.2)

1.7 run simputfile

Part 1: Preparing Input → simputfile shell script

Solution simputfile shell script:

```
#!/bin/sh
base=mcrab

$SIXTE/bin/simputfile \
    Simput=${base}.fits \
    Src_Name=first \
    RA=0.0 Dec=0.0 \
    srcFlux=2.137e-11 \
    Elow=0.1 Eup=15 \
    Nbins=1000 \
    logEgrid=yes \
    Emin=2 Emax=10 \
    XSPECFile=${base}.xcm \
    clobber=yes
```

Part 2: Running the Simulation → runsixt

2.1 Which parameters do you think we should change for . . .

Path to .xml file	
Simput Catalog	
telescope pointing	
exposure time	
output file	
prefix for output file	

Hint: run plist runsixt

Part 2: Running the Simulation → runsixt

2.2 Write a shell script and run a simulation for one large chip of the WFI

2.3 Run a second simulation with an offset pointing of the source

Path to .xml file	XMLFile= <i>xmlfile</i>
Simput Catalog	Simput= <i>name.fits</i>
telescope pointing	Ra=0.0, Dec=0.0
exposure time	Exposure=1000
output file	EvtFile= <i>name.fits</i>
prefix for output file	Prefix= <i>name</i>

Hint: Run `plist runsixt`

Hint: `xmlDir=$SIXTE/share/sixte/instruments/athena-wfi/wfi_wo_filter_B4C`

Hint: Take a look into the manual, section 10.2.4

Part 2: Running the Simulation → runsixt

Solution runsixt shell script:

```
#!/bin/sh
base=mcrab
xmldir=#xmldir
xml=${xmldir}/ld_wfi_ff_large.xml

$SIXTE/bin/runsixt \
    XMLfile=${xml} \
    RA=0.000 Dec=0.000 \
    Prefix=sim_ \
    Simput=${base}.fits \
    EvtFile=evt_${base}.fits \
    Exposure=1000
```

Part 3: Analysing the Simulation → FTOOLS

3.1 Take a look at the structure of the event file.

- Use `fstruct` and `fv` or `fdump`
- Speculate on the meaning of the individual columns in the event file

3.2 Check if the Event File contains a significant fraction of pile-up

- What do the individual rows mean?

Hint: Take a look into the manual (sect. 10.2.5) for details

Part 3: Analysing the Simulation → imgev

3.3 Generate an image of the event file using imgev

3.4 What do the different parameters mean?

→ Manual, section 10.2.5

Part 3: Analysing the Simulation → imgев

Solution imgев shell script:

```
#!/bin/sh\n\n$SIXTE/bin/imgев\n  EvtFile=sim_evt_mcra.b.fits\n  Image=img_mcra.b.fits\n  CoordinateSystem=0 Projection=TAN\n  NAXIS1=512 NAXIS2=512\n  CUNIT1=deg CUNIT2=deg\n  CRVAL1=0.0 CRVAL2=0.0\n  CRPIX1=256.5 CRPIX2=256.5\n  CDELT1=-6.207043e-04 CDELT2=-6.207043e-04\n  history=true clobber=yes
```

Part 3: Analysing the Simulation → makespec

- Point source → quite boring. So, spectral shape:

3.5 Generate a spectrum using makespec

Hint: Use same xmldir as before

Hint: Manual, sect. 10.2.5

3.6 Use XSPEC **on your own machine** to plot the spectrum

- If working on SciServer: download spectrum from SciServer
- Take a look into the manual, section 10.2.5

Part 3: Analysing the Simulation → makespec

Solution makespec shell script:

```
#!/bin/sh
xmldir=#xmldir

$SIXTE/bin/makespec
EvtFile=sim_evt_mcra.b.fits
Spectrum=spec_mcra.b.pha
EventFilter=
  "(RA>359.95 || RA<0.05) && Dec>-0.05 && Dec<+0.05"
RSPPPath=${xmldir}
clobber=yes
```

Part 3: Analysing the Simulation → makelc

- Generate a lightcurve
 - What's important for a lightcurve to define?
 - Duration
 - Time resolution
 - Ways to define a lightcurve:
 - ASCII
 - Energy dependent → time and flux
 - Stochastic through power spectrum → frequency and power
 - Lorentzians and zero-centered low frequency QPO
- More informations: Manual section 10.3.1

Part 3: Analysing the Simulation → makelc

- Ways to define a lightcurve:
 - ASCII → **Energy dependent** → **time and flux**

3.7 Create a simput file with a TIMING extension

- Parameter for Date → value is 55000
- Include lightcurve → /sixtedata/tutorial/inputs/Practical_2
or https://www.sternwarte.uni-erlangen.de/research/sixte/downloads/example_lightcurve.dat

3.8 Run the simulation → runsixt

3.9 Produce the light curve → makelc

- Eventfile
- Lightcurve
- Duration (in s) → 1000.0
- Time resolution (in s) → 1.0

3.10 Analyze the light curve → fplot

- Manual, section 10.3.1

Part 3: Analysing the Simulation → makelc

Solution makelc shell script:

```
#!/bin/sh
base=mcrab_lightcurve

$SIXTE/bin/makelc \
EvtFile=sim_evt_${base}.fits \
Lightcurve=sim_${base}.lc \
length=1000.0 \
dt=1.0
```